HOW BEST TO BRIEF A BARRISTER

David Goodwin Barrister Young's List

Tammy Young Barristers' Clerk _{Young's List}

MLAANZ ANNUAL CONFERENCE FRIDAY 12 SEPTEMBER 2014

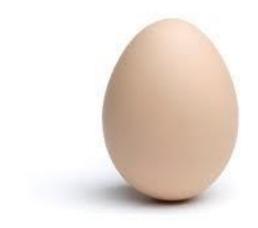














Architecture of the Session

- 1. Sensible steps in briefing barristers
- 2. Models of practice: diverse ways of working at the Bar
- 3. Clerking and its frontiers
- 4. Efficiency in the overall legal system: implications and opportunities for the Bar





Useful resources on briefing barristers

- Working with Barristers: A solicitor's guide to relations with the Bar, 2nd Edition, Dr Tom Altobelli, The Law Society of New South Wales (<u>http://www.lawsociety.com.au/cs/groups/public/documents/internetcontent/026515.pdf</u>)
- *Preparing briefs made simple*, Anthony JH Morris, Queensland Law Society Journal, June 1991, Vol 21, No. 3, p 261
- Briefing Barristers: Ten Ways to make the experience a happier one, Anthony JH Morris QC, 1999 (<u>http://www.lexscripta.com/pdf/briefing.pdf</u>)



Briefing Barristers: Ten ways to make the experience a happier one

- 1. Select Counsel appropriate for the task
- 2. Discuss the matter with Counsel before sending the brief
- 3. Specify on the brief precisely what Counsel is instructed to do
- 4. Include "instructions" or "observations" as the first item in the brief
- 5. Ensure that the brief includes everything that Counsel will need
- 6. Do not "load" the brief with material that is entirely irrelevant
- 7. Arrange the brief in a logical order
- 8. Prominently highlight matters which Counsel should note
- 9. Arrange conferences where necessary or appropriate
- 10. Ensure the situation regarding fees for Counsel is clearly understood



Models of practice

- The expertise practice
- The experience-based practice
- The efficiency-based practice



Spectrum of Practice Continuum

BRAINS	GREY HAIR	PROCEDURE
High Diagnosis Intensive	<>	High Execution Intensive
Highly Customised	← →	Programmatic
High Client Risk	<>	Low Client Risk
Few Qualified Practitioners	<>	Many Qualified Practitioners
High Fees	← →	High Fee Sensitivity

The 'Expertise' Practice

- Aligns with traditional self image of the Bar: 'elite' practitioners
- Focus on serving the needs of clients with 'frontier' problems
- The 'brain surgeon' approach

Characteristic practice development techniques: writing articles or books, giving speeches, being quoted in the media – activities aimed at establishing credentials as an 'expert'



The Experience-Based Practice

- The 'grey hair' approach to practice
- Makes use of accumulated experience in handling certain types of problems
- Tendency to spend less time on diagnosis and more on executing increasingly predictable (though often technically demanding) tasks

Characteristic operating style: *Great importance placed on steady relationships with clients*







Clerking and its frontiers: The role of the Clerk





How do you become a Clerk?

- Traditional Clerks
- Modern day Clerks
- My path
- The Victorian Bar



Overview of the Victorian Bar

- Barristers in Victoria
- Clerks in Victoria
- Clerks and Chambers



The Clerk: Your Navigation Aid

- Modern day support software
- Traditional services
 - Fee negotiation/fee collection
 - Bookings
 - Marketing
 - Professional development
- Anticipatory services



Efficiency in the overall legal system: implications, and opportunities for the Bar

Contributing to efficiency in the 'system' is imperative for Barristers if a separate Bar is to flourish, given competitive forces - as illustrated in other jurisdictions



Forces likely to drive future reforms in Australia:

- Analysis of 'system efficiency' in our legal markets
- Demand side factors
 - contractions in some categories of work
 - impetus of government reforms or infrastructure projects
 - 'city competitiveness' effects
 - proliferating 'community-minded' work
- Supply side factors
 - Law graduate numbers
 - New operating models



Forces likely to drive reforms in Australia, contd:

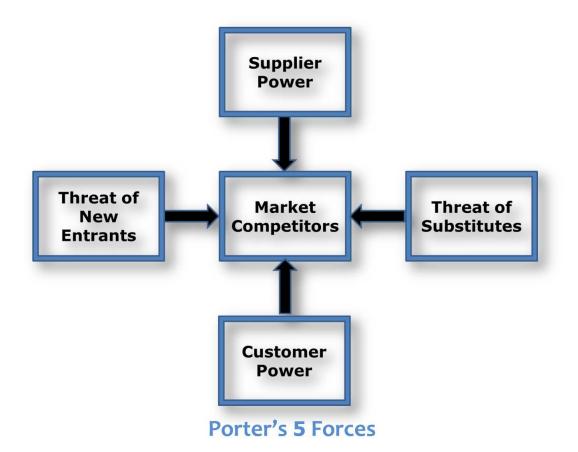
- Regulator and community attitudes
 - esteem of the profession
 - access to justice

What directions will be sought by those responsible for publiclyfunded legal work?

What will the implications be for legal education & training?



Universal Rules of Competitiveness:





Questions of Efficiency in legal services arise at:

- 1. Micro Level
 - Very different operating models exist
 - Client relationship management
 - Continuous improvement programs
 - Management information systems
 - Outsourcing
 - Office processes
- 2. Macro Level



Arguments typically advanced <u>against</u> Fusion of the profession:

- It would lead to loss of an independent Bar
- The specialist skills of advocacy would be lost
- The 'cab rank' principle would be lost
- Objectivity brought by the 'second opinion' function of the Bar would be diminished



Arguments typically advanced <u>for</u> Fusion of the profession:

- The system would be more efficient
- Costs would be reduced
- There would be less duplication of work
- There would be more continuity



Insights from England and Wales:

- Wotton: the legal services market @ 2012
- 125,000 practising solicitors
 - ³/₄ working in 11,000 regulated practices
 - providing 80-90% of legal services in these jurisdictions
 - the balance of solicitors work in-house
- 62 mixed solicitor/barrister practices
- *"There are now few restrictions on solicitors and barristers practising together in partnership or other permitted business structures"*



Wotton's Observations #1:

• "At the more experienced and specialised end of the advocacy market, economic and public interest considerations favour the existence of an independent, referral-based Bar, whose services are potentially available to all law firms and their clients"

BUT

• "Competitive advantages and efficiencies can be gained from having a full range of dispute resolution services under one roof"



Wotton's Observations #2:

- "The barrister/solicitor division is increasingly anomalous in today's common law world, surviving in a handful of jurisdictions internationally"
- *"The rationale for the distinction was originally based on higher court advocacy being reserved to Barristers"*
- "The separation is unknown in the civil law world"



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